

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES

AND SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW.

VOL. 4.—NO. 44

PRINCE ALBERT, SASK., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1886.

\$2 50 A YEAR.

BANKING HOUSE

Macarthur & Knowles,

Prin. Albert, N.W.T.
Transact a General Banking Business.
Interest allowed on Deposits.
Savings Discounted.
Letters received available at all points in the Dominion.
Collections undertaken and promptly attended to.
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Editor of the Supreme Court of Justice in England.

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FORBES & NEWLANDS,

Register, Notaries Public.

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F. F. FORBES, H. W. NEWLANDS.

ARTHUR L. SIFTON, B.A.

Register, Attorney, Conveyancer

and Notary Public.

RIVER STREET, PRINCE ALBERT.

W. K. GUNN, M.A.

Advocate, Notary Public, Conveyancer

Etc., Etc.

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D. A. STACKHOUSE

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PRINCE ALBERT, N. W. T.

GEORGE A. BENTLEY,

Barber and Hair Dresser.

CHARGES—MODERATE.

Shop—First floor east in Sinclair's Block

J. D. HANNAFAT,

Commission Agent and Collector.

OFFICE—FIRST STREET

FURNITURE!

CHEAPER THAN EVER.

For the next thirty days I will sell at 10

percent less than cost.

GILBERT E. CARTER

WILLIAM KNOX,

CARPENTER, ETC.

OFFICE AND WORKSHOP.

Near Presbyterian Church.

A.W.R. MARKLEY,

Gen. Agent and Auctioneer.

AGENT:

Confederation Life Association, Toronto

Imperial Manufacturing Co., of N. York.

Issuer of Marriage and Billiard Licenses.

Office in Mr. Brewster's Office

THE OLD RELIABLE.

A LARGE SUPPLY OF THE GOOD OLD

WRIGHT CLOCKS.

NICE LINE OF

NICKLE CLOCKS, WALTHAM, ELGIN

AND SWISS WATCHES.

Fine Interchangeable Spectacles, Call

and see them at the

POST OFFICE JEWELLERY STORE

Repairing done neatly and warranted.

R. B. WAY,

CITY BILLIARD HALL.

Care and Pool Tables.

Choice Cigars, Beer, Wine and Wines

supplied at the Bar.

GEO. A. BENTLEY,

PRINCE ALBERT

Planning Mills and

Sash and Door Factory

COR. KERRIE AND MACKEY STS.

Sash, Doors, Frames, Blinds, Moulding and

Builders' Furnishings made on

the shortest notice

A. GOODFELLOW,

Prin. Albert, N. W. T.

CALL AT

Miss Maguire's

And see the largest and best assorted

stock of

HATS & BONNETS

Ever shown in Prince Albert, all per-

fectly new and latest styles

Dresses and Mantles made to order.

Miss M. guire,

CAMPBELL'S BLOCK.

WANTED

1,000 Men Wanted,

500 Women Wanted,

1,000 Misses Wanted,

500 Boys Wanted,

1,500 Children Wanted,

TO BE

BOOTS AND SHOES

At SHANNON & McLEOD'S

We have received the largest and most

complete stock of boots and shoes ever

brought into Prince Albert, and are deter-

mined to sell cheaper than ever.

N.B.—Reductions made on large orders.

SHANNON & McLEOD

R.C. WIGMORE & CO.

GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Groceries,

Dry Goods,

Ready-made Clothing.

R.C. WIGMORE & CO.

ROYAL MAIL STAGE I

WEEKLY

Between Qu'Appelle Station and Prince

Albert, leaving Prince Albert every

Thursday morning and Qu'Appelle Station

every Wednesday morning. Passengers

and express at lowest rates.

LEESON & SCOTT.

BOARDING HOUSE.

FIRST-CLASS TABLE

Board at \$5 per Week, Single Meals

40 CENTS.

Good Stables in Connection.

Opposite McDougall's Bakery.

JAMES WHITE.

CLEDONIA BAKERY

EAST END.

The proprietor of the above concern is

prepared to supply families or retailers with

his best, either in bulk or for cash.

Print Batters, 25 per doz.

Quart Batters, 25 per doz.

Keats at 25 per gallon.

In any size batch, delivered to all parts of

the town.

A Billiard Table and Saloon

In connection with the Bar

The Best Cigars always on hand.

LIVERY & FEED TABLE

CHARGES MODERATE.

CHAS. UMAN

PROPRIETOR

CUSTOMS SALE.

A BAND OF

HOUSES

Recently seized for evasion of customs

will be sold by public auction at the

Police barracks, Prince Albert.

ON

ATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10,

AT 2 P.M.

The Band consists of

1 Stationary, 1 yearling,

1 Gelding,

6 Mares and Colts,

6 Mares,

2 Yearlings

TEEMS CASH.

A. ROWEN PERRY,

Superintendent.

Commanding North-West Mounted Police,

Prince Albert.

The H. B. buildings, east end, have

undergone considerable improvement this

summer. A new office has been fitted up

in the west end of the store house, and

the building previously used as an

office has been extended and fitted up as

a dwelling for Chief Factor Hon. Lawrence

Clarke.

Rev. Mr. M. William and family left

for Toronto on Monday afternoon last.

It is not wise of the mark to say that no

family in Prince Albert was held in

higher esteem and more parted with

with more universal regret. They have

the best wishes of their numerous friends

in this district.

Payments of annuities have been ar-

ranged to take place in Prince Albert

Agency on the following dates:—Strag-

glers at Prince Albert, 17th Sept.,

John Smith's Band, South Branch, 20th

Sept.; James Smith's Band, La. Centre,

23rd Sept.; Wm. Twiss's Band, Stargis,

Lake, 26th Sept.; Missions' Band,

Snake Plain, 1st Oct.; Attakappa's Band,

Sandy Lake, 4th Oct. No Indians belonging to

any particular band shall be paid on that

of another. All parties hereinterested

shall govern themselves accordingly.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

(By Special Telegraph.)

WINNING, Sept. 2.—Charlotte, South

Carolina, was rendered almost a total

wreck by an earthquake on Wednes-

day night, 30 or 40 persons were killed

and 100 wounded, while the town was

damaged to the extent of millions. Three

parts of the city will have to be replaced.

The place has been practically cut off

from communication with the outside

world. At Somerville town, near by,

many people were killed and hundreds

rendered homeless.

Bowell and Foster are expected from

the west to-morrow, also General Sher-

man.

Vienna correspondents report an en-

counter has taken place between Col.

Mulken's troops and the Russian

regiment, in which large numbers were

killed and wounded on both sides.

A positive denial has been issued of the

report that Sir Charles Dillie is

travelling in Canada. He is still in the

South of France.

The British Association for the Ad-

vancement of Science met yesterday.

Principal Dawson presiding.

There has been more rioting and more

strikes in Belfast.

Wholesale butchery of Christians re-

ported from Cebu China.

Hamlin defeated Courtney easily yester-

day.

WINNING, Sept. 3.—The English

cricket team easily defeated the United

States team at Staten Island.

Severe fires raging in the vicinity of

Whitcomb and Rat Portage.

It was announced in the British Par-

liament last night that the Government

were considering the establishment of a

mail route from Ireland by way of Cana-

dian Pacific to India.

Hugo Summerland read papers on the

Hudson Bay route before the British As-

sociation yesterday.

Prince Alexander has written a sub-

stant note to the Czar saying he had

received his crown from Russia and was

willing to surrender at any time. The

Czar has written a savage note in reply

saying that Alexander must take his own

course and that Russia will take such

course as her interests require. General

expectation of trouble.

ST. ANDREW'S SCHOOL.

The standing of the pupils attending

this school on the 16th July last was as

follows:

1st Book—1st, Thomas Monkman; 2nd,

George Dobras; 3rd, Caroline Crom-

mie.

2nd Part 1st Book—1st, Edward Monk-

man; 2nd, John Robertson; 3rd, Alfred

Bird.

2nd Book—1st, Sarah Robertson; 2nd,

Archibald Crommie; 3rd, Jennie Mary

Prudhomme.

Girls—2nd Book 1st, Christabelle

Monkman and Mary Crommie, equal;

2nd, Jennie Monkman. Boys—1st,

John McLeod; 2nd, John Bird.

4th Book—1st, Louisa Spencer; 2nd,

Wm. Taylor; 3rd, Alfred Spencer.

Arithmetic—1st Class—Alfred Spencer;

2nd, Wm. Bird; 3rd, Frederick Ken-

nelly; 2nd Class—1st, Christabelle Mon-

man; 2nd, John Bird; 3rd, Donald Mc-

Leod.

Grammar—Louisa Spencer, Wm. Tay-

lor, Wm. Bird.

Geography—1st, Frederick Kennedy;

2nd, Wm. Taylor; 3rd, Alfred Spencer.

Writing—Boys—1st, Charles Thomas

Bird; 2nd, Joseph Bird; 3rd, John Bird.

Girls—Louisa Spencer; Anne Bird; 3rd,

Christabelle Monkman.

The Hon. L. Clarke, with his usual

THE PRINCE ALBERT TIMES

AND
SASKATCHEWAN REVIEW

PUBLISHED BY

J. D. MAVEETY

BY

PRINCE ALBERT N. W. T.

TERMS.—\$2.50 per annum in advance.
Single copies, 10 cents each.

In no case will be inserted in this paper. Business letters 10 cts. per line.

No advertisement inserted for less than \$1.
Advertisements without instructions will be inserted until forbid.All letters to be addressed to the Proprietor.
J. D. MAVEETY, Proprietor.THIS PAPER may be found on
GEO. F. BOWELL & Co.'s Newspaper Advertising
Bureau, 10 Spruce street, where all
contracts may be made for it in NEW YORK.

SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

St. Mary's Church
and
The Mission Chapel.11 a.m. Services in both Churches and
7 p.m. Sunday School 3 p.m. Curate
in charge. The Rev. H. Wright, assisted
by Mr. C. Cunningham, Theological Student
of Emmanuel College.His lordship the Bishop will preach, at
a table, when at home, at St. Mary's in the
morning and at the Chapel in the evening.

St. Catharines.

10:30 a.m.—Rev. Canon Flett, B.D.

St. Paul's.

3 p.m.—Rev. Canon Flett, B.D.

St. Andrew's.

10:30 a.m.—Mr. Manie.

St. John's.

3 p.m.—Mr. Manie.

St. James's.

3 p.m.—Ven. Archdeacon McKay, B.D.

St. Anne's, R. Catholic.

10:30 a.m. and 3 p.m.—Rev. Pere Andre.

St. Paul's (Presbyterian).

11 a.m. and 7 p.m.—Rev. Mr. McWilliam.

FRIDAY, SEPT. 3, 1886.

FICTION.

As most people have a taste for fiction in these degenerate days, we will, with your permission, gentle readers, give a brief chapter from a recent speech of the Hon. Mr. Mercier to the electors of Vercheres. We are not aware that Mr. Mercier is a writer of fiction, but he can utter fiction with an ease and elegance only equalled, we fancy, by Mr. Mercier, and if he has the luck to see his recent speeches printed in book form he will have quite an extensive work of fiction to hand his name down to posterity. But while Mr. Mercier excels in fiction, he excels also—which, we presume, is very necessary to one of his peculiar turn of mind—in the pathetic, and we have no doubt many hot tears must have trickled down the cheeks of the French *habitants* whom it has been his duty to address in Vercheres and Chambly during the last few weeks. Yes, we think he excels in fiction, and it is because of our fear that strong minds may grow weak and weak minds go astray were we to suddenly plunge into its depths that we have taken this somewhat tedious way of bringing this wonderful chapter of fiction to your notice. The scene of the incidents of the chapter is Batoche, and the actors, or whatever else you may call them, our neighbours the Metis, and a Cockney, and is intended to illustrate how the rebellion was brought about. Read and learn:

"A young Cockney fellow from England comes along, with two or three hairs on his chin, and says to the unfortunate Metis, 'Very sorry, my friend, but you are on my property, and you must be good enough to get off.'"

"'Hollo, who are you?' says the Metis.

"'I am such and such a person from London, the son of a lord, or a member

of the House of Commons, or a big bug of some sort, and my father has purchased this land from the Canadian Government."

"'Surely boy, you can't mean it,' replies the halfbreed. 'This is my farm; my children were raised here and I was raised here myself, and I intend to remain here.'"

"'But I told you you must get out.'

"'Is there a man in this meeting who would have stood this sort of thing? Put yourself in the place of these people. They are men, Christians, human beings who have hearts, feelings and families. What is there, next to his religion, so dear to a man as the little piece of ground which he has watered with his sweat, and mayhap sown with his blood? And when he sees the stranger coming to take it away from him by means of a fraudulent and unjust title, how can he be expected to remain calm and collected and not to feel his heart throbbing with indignation?'"

How touching! No wonder if they would fly to arms, for if there is anything in this world calculated to work a man up to a fighting pitch, it is the appearance of a Cockney with two or three hairs on his chin. But the Cockney, like Macaulay's New Zealander, has yet to come to Batoche, or any other man or set of men, in the character described by Mr. Mercier. Those of you, however, who have lived in this district since before the rebellion, who are acquainted with the facts connected with it, will doubtless be able to appreciate Mr. Mercier's excellencies as an orator, if you are forced to admit that, with regard to this matter, at least, he shows himself to be utterly lacking the prime characteristic of an orator—truth. He seems to have imagined himself in some other country and talking of some other people. He perhaps imagined himself O'Connell, and that he was addressing the people of Kerry.

What a pity that falsehood can thus be made to serve the ends of the demagogue among an intelligent people.

THE HARVEST

From the reports we have received we are convinced that Prince Albert settlement has suffered less from the drought during the past season than any other portion of the Northwest. The yield, of course, owing to the drought, has not been as heavy as it otherwise would have been, but the quality of the wheat particularly, owing to the absence of frost, will compare favourably with that of any other part of the territories. This being the case, it is to be regretted that a much larger area of wheat was not sown last spring. But we suppose we must look for the reason of the small area of wheat being sown in the fact that most, if not all of the settlers, were of the opinion that the seed wheat supplied them by the Government was not of as good quality as it should be. But whatever doubts they may have entertained have been dispelled by the quality produced. Some of our farmers, more courageous than others, gave the seed the benefit of the doubt, and the consequence is that they are able to pay back their seed and have a good supply left. Others, again, lacking, perhaps, the courage of their fortunate neighbors, will not be able to repay the amount called for without stinting themselves. In any case there will be a sufficiency of seed of good quality for next season.

With regard to the barley and oats we cannot give as favourable a report. The seed barley while it may have been good, does not seem to have been properly cleaned, as all seed should be. This fact, with the drought, lightened the yield very materially below what it would have been. But with barley, as with the

wheat, though not so generally, some of the farmers were tolerably successful. The same remarks would seem to apply to oats. The yield and the quality of the oats and barley, as a whole, therefore, is not nearly as satisfactory as that of wheat, and we would not be surprised if many of the farmers would find themselves unable this year to repay the seed advanced by the government.

As to the yield of potatoes, we can safely say that there is no likelihood of a shortage.

FARMING.

It will not, we trust, be considered out of place on our part if we make a few suggestions regarding farming in general. To become a successful farmer a same knowledge of details, the same perseverance, is required as in any other business. Show us a successful farmer and we will show you an industrious, painstaking man. We do not say that he can control the climate. He has to take his chances with regard to that; but he prepares the soil to receive the seed in such a way as will assure him, barring climatic drawbacks, the greatest possible yield. He does not allow weeds to choke out his grain, absorb the moisture which should go towards nourishing it and keep it from ripening evenly, and leave the straw to rot and the grain to thresh out on the field for days after he cuts it. He wastes nothing, saves everything. We heard of a farmer in this district who has utilized his manure in enriching his soil, and the consequence was that notwithstanding the drought he had a good crop off the land on which he utilized it. This shows that the richer you make the soil the better chance you have of a good return for your labour. We notice so that some farmers do not take proper care of their farming implements, but leave them unsheltered winter and summer, and the consequence is that in a short time they are cracked and rusted, and look as if they had come out of the Ark. This is to be regretted, as farming implements cost money. Our advice to the farmer is whatever area you cultivate let it be so done as to assure you the greatest possible reward for your labour.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The North-West Council meets on the 5th of October.

The Chicago Anarchists have been sentenced to death.

The promoters of the Regina and Long Lake Railway expect to complete the line to Prince Albert by next fall.

The *Huntington Gleaner*, the leading Liberal paper of Quebec outside of Montreal, and other Liberal papers of that province, decline to support the Kieft movement.

Sir John says Victoria is the only terrestrial terminus of the C. P. R. The Celestial terminus is China, and the marine terminus will, he hopes, ere long be Japan and Australasia.

Sir John said in his speech at Victoria that he was particularly pleased at the completion of the C. P. R., because in its completion "he experienced the realization of all his expectations, the fruition of all his hopes." But what about those who his hopes it blasted?

The U. S. Congress is fast becoming a refuge for lunatics. General Collins has brought in a bill which provides for shutting American ports against all countries that deny the U. S. equal commercial privileges. Yet he says the U. S. has no more use for a treaty with Canada than it has for the cholera. But how are equal commercial privileges to be arranged but by treaty. The general's idea of equal commercial privileges would seem to be somewhat one-sided—free intercourse with Canadian ports on the part of the U. S., but a denial of like privileges to Canadians in American ports.

'79. '86.

T. J. AGNEW.

THE

LION REAPER!

ON TERMS—AT

\$50 \$75 \$100

T. J. AGNEW.

THE WEEKLY SUN!

Arrangements are being made by the publishers of THE MANITOBA SUN for the publication of a Weekly Edition at an early date. The size of the paper will be Eight Pages of Seven Columns each—50 Columns in all—and the price will be placed at the very low figure of

\$1.50 PER ANNUM

PAYABLE STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

THE WEEKLY EDITION WILL CONTAIN

The News of the Week,
Selected Miscellany,
An Interesting Serial

and Special Departments of Peculiar Interest to the Home Circle. No effort will be wanting to make our Weekly a welcome visitor every where.

Parties intending to subscribe are requested to send their names, with the price of subscription to the office of

THE MANITOBA SUN.

12 Market St. E.,
Winnipeg, Man.

J. SINCLAIR & CO. Canada--North West

Merchant Tailors.

NEW

NO. 21 OF 1885.

GOODS!

JUST ARRIVED.

GENTS' FURNISHINGS

N.B.—The Tailoring Department will be superintended by Mr. Robinson.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF LANDS.

Under and by virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* of Terra, issued out of the Sheriff's Court, Prince Albert Division, on the Thirtieth day of March, A.D. 1886, at the suit of James Macarthur and Joseph Knowles against James Treason, and to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution the property of the said James Treason, all the right title and interest in the said James Treason in and to those parcels or tracts of land and premises situate, lying and being all the Town Lots in Block A, between 12th and 13th streets; Town Lots 4 to 18, both inclusive, in Block B, between 10th and 12th streets; Town Lots 4, 5 and 6, and 22 to 42, both inclusive, in Block C, between 8th and 11th streets, according to a plan of survey of the said lands, made by Alexander Sproule, J. L. S., dated July 26th, 1884.

And I do hereby give public notice that I will, on SATURDAY, the 25th DAY of November, at the Sheriff's Office, Prince Albert, set up and sell at public auction the said property, or as much thereof as will satisfy the levy marked on the said writ, being several hundred dollars and thirty-two cents and interest thereon from the 18th day of March, A.D. 1884, at six per cent per annum, and the said sheriff's fees and all incidental expenses.

Witness my Office, Prince Albert,
July 15th, 1886.

G. E. ST. CHAPLEAU.

Sheriff.

per HAROLD ROSS.

Under Sheriff.

W. GUNN.

Attorney for Plaintiff.

An Ordinance to amend, and consolidate as amended, the several Ordinances respecting Prairie and Forest Fires.

Passed 18th Dec. 1885.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Territories, in Council, as follows:

1. Any person who kindles or places, or is a party to kindling or placing fire in the open air in any part of the Territories, except for camp or domestic purposes, or for clearing land in the months of December, January, February or March, on conviction thereof, pay a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars, with costs of prosecution, and, in default of payment, be imprisoned for a term not exceeding six months.

2. Any person who kindles, or is a party to kindling a fire in the open air, for any purpose, and who neglects taking effectual means, while such purpose is being served, or after it has been served, to prevent such fire from running at large, shall, on conviction thereof, pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, with costs of prosecution, and, in default of payment, be imprisoned for a term not exceeding three months.

3. Nothing in this Ordinance shall bar or prevent the owner of private property from recovering damages from any offender against the first and second sections of this Ordinance.

4. Prosecutions under this Ordinance shall be in a summary manner.

5. The Lieutenant-Governor may appoint fire guardians: having the power of command to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance, who, together with all magistrates or justices of the peace, shall have the power to call on any male person within five miles of prairie fire to protect same, and help to extinguish said fire, and any person refusing to do so shall be liable to a fine of ten dollars.

6. It shall be the duty of all peace officers, upon view of an infraction of any of the enactments of this Ordinance forthwith to arrest the offender, and without warrant bring him before a Magistrate or Justice of the Peace, to be dealt with according to law.

7. In process of law upon information under this Ordinance, a summary conviction is secured and a fine paid or collected, the offender shall be entitled to receive one half of the said fine.

8. Ordinance No. 4 of 1879 and No. 28 of 1883 are hereby repealed.

COMMUNICATIONS.

SEED GRAIN.

To the Editor of The Times.

Sir,—It will, I think, be generally acknowledged that owing to the excessive drought of the past season, grain, as a rule, will not average more than half a crop; in fact, in this vicinity not that. The quantity sown was, as a rule, small, and the return, alas, is the same, though, fortunately, unfrozen, which makes it valuable for seed next spring.

Now, in regard to the terms: The Government charges us one hundred per cent. for the accommodation. Can any one tell me, if the public accounts against the Government bear no interest, why the Government should charge the public one hundred per cent., and that not in an ordinary way of business, but for relief supposed to be given to distressed settlers. As far as I know, in times of distress in other British colonies, when public works had to be started or other measures resorted to to assist the people, no such terms were exacted. And, mark you, the Government do not forget the security, but each party who took grain had to give a mortgage on his homestead. Could a better bargain for the Government have been made, in fact—and I speak as one of them—the farmers would never have accepted such terms had they been in a position to refuse.

The freight of the grain was a decided help to many, and a great number of farmers availed themselves of it, but the demanding of two bushels in return for one given must seem exorbitant, at least to one unprejudiced outsider.

When it was first decided that the Government would supply seed for all but starving farmers of the Saskatchewan, eastern people exclaimed, "How generous and thoughtful of Sir John!" But they hardly at the time knew the security he was exacting.

Let us hope that they will yet come down a great deal on the original terms, and either make it a free gift, or, say, accept bushel for bushel, and even at that low rate many—myself among others—will have to buy their flour, as their crops will not much more than seed their farms next season.

J. B. STONEY CREEK, August 27th, 1886.

[We do not suppose for one moment, that the Government, like Shylock, will exact its pound of flesh; at least, judging it by its past record, we do not anticipate any harsh dealing on its part with the settlers. Those able to fulfil their agreement with the Government, will, we think, be grateful for the opportunity of doing so; those who cannot carry out the agreement with the Government without distressing themselves will, we have no doubt, get an extension of time. With regard to the charge of exorbitance, when we take into account the fact that the seed wheat furnished by the Government cost 6½ cents per lb., barley 6 cents, and oats 6 cents, and the further fact that two bushels of either or all of those grains may not bring the price of one bushel of the former, we do not think it is warrant. In any case the Government only asks to be returned the cost of the grain, or two bushels for one. As to the writer's reflection on the generosity of the government, or more particularly Sir John, it is, to say the least, in very bad taste; but we are in hopes that the Government will both survive his censure and overlook his ingratitude. From recent information, we are led to believe that his estimate of the yield throughout the district this year is far below the mark, though it may be stating his own case correctly. As for the Government making the seed grain a free gift, we hardly think it will, and we thank further that no reasonable man would expect it to do so.—*KIN. TIMES.*]

For the benefit of those who may not have seen the notice posted in the telegraph office we may state that Government telegraph offices are open for public business from 9 a.m. to 12 p.m., 1 p.m. to 5 p.m., and 7 p.m. to 8 p.m. In addition to the above hours, if a customer wishes to send a message between the hours of 6 o'clock a.m. and 8:30 a.m., and between the hours of 8 o'clock p.m. and 12 p.m., he can do so by notifying the Government office before 8 o'clock p.m., and by paying in addition to the regular tariff the sum of 25c to both the sending and the receiving operator (and if the message has to be repeated at any station twenty five cents additional per hour) for every hour or fraction thereof he detains the operators beyond their regular office hours.

TELEGRAPHIC.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS BY WIRE

(By Special Telegraph.)

WINNIPEG, August 30.—Colonel Gilder arrived at Winnipeg to-day, en route to discover the North Pole.

Pompeus Uyes, grand nephew of Napoleon I., and interested in French colonization, has also arrived.

There have been important changes made in the composition of the local government. The number of cabinet ministers has been increased from five to six by the creation of a portfolio of Railway Commissioner. This position has been taken by the Hon. John Norquay, who gives up the Provincial Treasuryship to Lariviere. The portfolio of Agriculture has been taken by Dr. Harrison, whose admission to the cabinet has long been expected. Brown and Wilson exchange folios, the latter becoming Minister of Public Works and the former Provincial Secretary. Hamilton remains Attorney-General.

An excursion party leaves Winnipeg for Victoria on Saturday next.

It is said Sir Charles Dilke recently passed through here under a non des plume.

The first single scull contest commenced in England to-day. Betting in favour of Beach.

Gladstone's pamphlet on the Irish question has just been issued. He opposed the local Government's scheme of a new Ministry.

A powder magazine belonging to the Laflin Powder Co., Chicago, was struck by lightning yesterday. The building was completely wrecked. One person was killed instantly, four fatally injured and twenty-five others more or less injured.

Three of the Bulgarian Ministers connected with the deposition of Alexander have been sentenced to imprisonment for life.

It is understood the Quebec elections will be held on the 27th Sept.

Davitt will visit Montreal.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 1.—Blake and Mowat addressed a large gathering of Liberals in Ottawa on Monday night last. In the same evening Sir John and Lady Macdonald were given a reception by the Conservatives, and addresses were delivered by leading men here of the party. Sir John said that he was tired of public life, and if he had to remain in public life another year he would do so against his wishes.

Egan was presented on Monday with an address by the Board of Trade, with Dealers, Locomotive Engineers, officials and employers gave him a purse of ten thousand dollars and a gold watch.

Egan left to-day for his new field Van Hornes going to St. Paul at the same time.

Sir Charles Dilke, who has been travelling through Manitoba and the North west under the name Fallop, in company with an Earl, is now on the Pacific coast with Sir Donald A. Smith and party.

McKinnon is not to become General Superintendent of the western division of the Canadian Pacific. The position has been accepted by White, Superintendent of the eastern division.

Alexander, who was deposed from Bulgarian throne, has been restored to the throne and arrived at the capital. It is said he will pursue an anti-Russian policy.

Sir Vernon Harcourt and other leading English Liberals have determined to continue the Home Rule agitation during the absence of Gladstone in Germany.

A shock of earthquake was felt yesterday throughout the United States. People deserted their houses, etc., but no damage done.

The Canadian Pacific has made a successful test of Canmore coal mines.

Teemer defeated Jorkins, Matheson, Wallace Ross and Beach in the international sculling match in England to-day. The final heat will be between Beach and Teemer. Great excitement.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth? If so, send at once and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, there, there is no mistake about it. It cures Sore Throat, and Hoarseness, regulates the stomach, and cures Wind Colic, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children Teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all twenty-five cents a bottle. Beware and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

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